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# China, Peoples Republic of FAIRS Export Certificate Report Annual 2007

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#### Report Highlights:

This report lists major export certificates required by the Chinese government from exporters of food and agricultural products. For more information on import requirements, see GAIN CH7066.

Includes PSD Changes: No Includes Trade Matrix: No Annual Report Beijing [CH1]

Table of ContentsEXECUTIVE SUMMARY & DISCLAIMER	3
SECTION I. LIST OF ALL EXPORT CERTIFICATES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT	3
Export Certification Requirement Examples	3
SECTION II. PURPOSE OF SPECIFIC EXPORT CERTIFICATES	5
SECTION III. SPECIFIC ATTESTATIONS REQUIRED ON EXPORT CERTIFICATES	5
SECTION IV. GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATES LEGAL ENTRY REQUIREMENTS	6
SECTION V. OTHER CERTIFICATION/ACCREDITATION REQUIREMENTS	6
Certificate of Origin	6
Quarantine Inspection Permit (QIP)	
Meat Quarantine Import Permit (MQIP)	
Automatic Registration Form (ARF) on Poultry	7
Biotech Product Labeling Policy	7
SECTION VI. OTHER RELEVANT REPORTS	8
FAS Beijing Reports	8
Other Resources – U.S. Export Certifying Authorities	8
Food Safety and Inspection Service - USDA	8
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service - USDA	8
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration – Commerce	8
APPENDIX I. ELECTRONIC COPY OR OUTLINE OF EACH EXPORT CERTIFICATE	

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & DISCLAIMER**

This report was prepared by the Office of Agricultural Affairs of the USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service in Beijing, China for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural products. While every possible care was taken in the preparation of this report, information provided may not be completely accurate either because policies have changed since its preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these policies was not available. It is highly recommended that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements with their foreign customers, who are normally best equipped to research such matters with local authorities, before any goods are shipped. FINAL IMPORT APPROVAL OF ANY PRODUCT IS SUBJECT TO THE IMPORTING COUNTRY'S RULES AND REGULATIONS AS INTERPRETED BY BORDER OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF PRODUCT ENTRY.

#### SECTION I. LIST OF ALL EXPORT CERTIFICATES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT

China has strict documentation requirements for imported food and agricultural products. The certifications for quality, quarantine, and import control are required for the majority of products entering the country. The information required to gain entry varies between products and product categories. In addition, many regulations and requirements are updated frequently and often without prior notice. Although China has notified to the WTO only 101 sanitary and phytosanitary measures since joining the WTO on December 11, 2001, the number of changes is believed to be higher.

These rapid changes in Chinese regulations are expected to accelerate. In July 2007, the Standardization Administration of China (SAC) announced plans to revise up to 4,000 of China's food safety standards, particularly in the areas of food additives, dairy, meat and eggs, and fisheries. Up to the end of 2006, China has 634 mandatory food safety standards and a further 1,331 standards recommended for adoption. SAC also aims to revise an additional 1,141 national standards, which deal with quality factors, and 1,322 industry standards intended for business operations. Many of these changes will affect export documentation requirements.

The complexity of documentation requirements make it vital for U.S. exporters to work closely with their Chinese importers to ensure that <u>all</u> documentation requirements are met <u>before</u> shipping. Failure to do so could result in delays in product entering the country or even a rejection at the border.

#### **Export Certification Requirement Examples**

The requirements listed in the table in the following section are provided as a representative sample of products that have been identified as having excellent prospects in the Chinese market. Apart from these specific 'attestations' which refer only to export certification requirements, products must meet a range of other criteria specific to each commodity which may include, but are not limited to: packaging requirements, pre-clearance (if applicable), treatment options, and container conditions. A large amount of additional information may be required for each shipment. Example copies of certificates are not available as they differ for each product and are subject to change.

Products	Title of Certificate	Attestation Required on Certificate	Purpose	Requesting Ministry
Milk and Milk Products	AMS Export Sanitary Certificate	"Product has been heat treated and conforms to processing requirements of country.	Sanitary Certificate	AQSIQ
Dairy Products for Feed	APHIS Export Health Certificate	Certifies that the U.S. is free of animal diseases such as rinderpest, foot and mouth disease, and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia.	Health Certificate	AQSIQ
Milk and Milk Products	Certificate of Origin	Certifies origin of dairy imports.	Product Origin	AQSIQ
Frozen Potatoes/ Processed Products	AMS Export Certificate	Export certificates for frozen potatoes, fries, and flakes require a certificate from AMS that authenticates quality and industry standards.	Product Quality	AQSIQ
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables, Tree Nuts, & Forest Products	Phytosanitary Certificate	Varies by product. Certifies product is free of quarantine pests.  (Note: for apples, the shipment must also show proof that cold treatment was applied)	Plant Health	AQSIQ
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables, Tree Nuts	Certificate of Origin	Varies by product. State Chamber of Commerce certifies product originates from China-approved growing sites.	Product Origin	AQSIQ
Tree Nuts	Heat treatment Certificate	Third party or packer certifies packing material has been properly treated (if packed in wood).	Plant Health	AQISQ
Tree Nuts	Certificate of Quality	Processor or packer provides certificate authenticating quality and standards.	Product Quality	AQISQ
Cotton	APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	Certifies cotton free of quarantine pests.	Plant Health	AQSIQ
Cotton	AMS Quality Classification	Certifies quality of cotton imports.	Product Quality	AQSIQ
Cotton	Certificate of Origin	Certifies origin of cotton imports.	Product Quality & Plant Health	AQSIQ
Poultry & Meat Products	FSIS Export Health Certificate	Certifies quality and safety of products.	Food Safety	AQSIQ
Poultry & Meat Products	Meat Quarantine Import Permit	Import Permit.	Import Control	AQSIQ
Poultry	Automatic Registration Form	Import Permit.	Import Control	MOFCOM
Imported Animal Feed	Imported Feed and Feed Additive Registration Regulation	Control imported feed and feed additives and to protect animal production safety.  (Note: Entry quarantine should be done by AQSIQ)	Animal Health	MOA
Animal Genetic Materials	APHIS Export Heath Certificate	Certifies animal health, and certifies BSE free for bovine genetic materials.	Animal Health	AQSIQ
Live Animals	APHIS Export Health Certificate	Certifies animal health. (Note: Cattle cannot be exported to China due to BSE-related restrictions.)		AQSIQ

Soybeans	APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	Certifies soybeans free of quarantine pests.	Plant Health	AQSIQ
Soybeans	Biotech Safety Certificate	An MoA certificate is needed that indicates that the product "contains GMO's," proper labeling is also required for all biotech products.	Plant Health	MOA
Soybeans	FGIS Grain Inspection Service	Certifies product quality.	Product Quality	AQSIQ
Corn	APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	Certify corn free of quarantine pests.	Plant Health	AQSIQ
Corn	Biotech Safety Certificate	An MoA certificate is needed that indicates that the product "contains GMO's," proper labeling is also required for all biotech products.	Plant Health	MOA
Corn	FGIS Grain Inspection Service	Certifies product quality.	Product Quality	AQSIQ
Fisheries	DOC Health Certificate	Certifies imported fishery products come from approved establishments, and free of pathogenic bacteria, harmful substances or foreign substances.	Health Certificate	AQSIQ
Wood and Wood Products	APHIS Phytosanitary Certificate	Certifies imported wood and wood products free of quarantine pests	Plant Health	AQSIQ
Wood and Wood Products	Certificate of Origin	Certifies origin of wood and wood product imports.	Product Origin	AQSIQ
Wood and Wood Products	Declaration of No-Wood Packing Materials	To certify that shipments do not contain wood packing materials, if requested.	Declaration	AQSIQ
Wood	Certificate of Fumigation	To certify only logs with bark that they are fumigated to prevent pests.	Plant Health	AQSIQ

#### SECTION II. PURPOSE OF SPECIFIC EXPORT CERTIFICATES

Until acceding to the World Trade Organization (WTO) in December 2001, China maintained a highly restrictive import regime for food and agricultural products. As a part of its WTO commitments, China reduced tariffs, established tariff rate quotas for commodities formerly under quantitative import restrictions, and pledged to reduce non-tariff barriers, including phytosanitary and sanitary restrictions. Many of these changes have affected export certification requirements. See table in Section I above for information on specific commodities.

#### SECTION III. SPECIFIC ATTESTATIONS REQUIRED ON EXPORT CERTIFICATES

The original export certificates should accompany each individual export consignment of the product at the time of entry into China. The government of China does not accept export declarations by suppliers or manufacturers as proof of compliance nor does it accept an export or phytosanitary certificate issued by a U.S. State. However, China will accept State-issued certificates of origin. In order to enter China, each certificate must match the container numbers in the shipment. The certification does not have length of validity or expiration per se - a new phytosanitary certificate must accompany each shipment.

For example, the original phytosanitary certificate must accompany each consignment of fresh fruits, vegetables, or tree nuts. China will only accept a valid APHIS phytosanitary certificate – a company declaration of compliance is not accepted. See table in Section I for examples of specific attestations that should meet all specific conditions. These conditions may change over time.

#### SECTION IV. GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATES LEGAL ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

Apart from quarantine regulations, products being imported into China must also meet a number of other requirements. Details of these requirements are contained in the Food and Agriculture Import Regulations and Standards (FAIRS) report updated each year by this office. The most recent update was August 2007. The report can be downloaded on the FAS website by conducting a search for report number CH7066 at the following website: <a href="http://www.fas.usda.gov/scriptsw/AttacheRep/default.asp">http://www.fas.usda.gov/scriptsw/AttacheRep/default.asp</a>

#### SECTION V. OTHER CERTIFICATION/ACCREDITATION REQUIREMENTS

#### **Certificate of Origin**

For some products, China requires a certificate of origin, which is a document issued by the relevant authority of the exporting country's government, state government, industry association, or manufacturer/supplier. This certificate should accompany the export consignment of all food and agricultural products, including processed and packaged food.

This certificate should mention the order number, container number, port of discharge, buyer's name, and product description, in addition to a declaration along the following lines:

"The undersigned for (relevant organization) declares that the following mentioned goods as consigned above (or below) are the products of the United States of America (or any country of origin). We hereby certify the goods to be of United States of America (or any country) origin."

#### Quarantine Inspection Permit (QIP)

In order to import any agricultural good into China, a company must apply for a quarantine import permit to cover that contract amount. The importer must supply documentation regarding the volume of the shipment to AQSIQ with the QIP application. A QIP can technically cover multiple load/containers and is valid for six months.

In 2004, following repeated bilateral engagement and interventions made by the United States and other WTO members, some improvements were made to the QIP. In June 2004, AQSIQ issued Decree 73, Items on Handling the Review and Approval for Entry Animal and Plant Quarantine (GAIN CH4020). This regulation extended the validity period of QIPs from three months to six months. Though AQSIQ generally issues QIPs within established time lines, there remains a great deal of uncertainty. Even with the extended validity period, AQSIQ continues to administer the QIP system in a seemingly arbitrary manner and QIPs still locks purchasers into a very narrow period to purchase, transport and discharge cargos or containers. Please refer to CH7043 for more information.

#### Meat Quarantine Import Permit (MQIP)

In order to import any meat product into China, a company must apply for a meat quarantine import permit (MQIP) to cover that contract amount. The importer must supply documentation regarding the volume of the shipment to AQSIQ with the MQIP application. A MQIP can technically cover multiple load/containers and are valid for six months. An importer can have multiple outstanding MQIPs with different companies, but can have only one outstanding MQIP with a particular production plant. Please refer to CH7043 for more information.

#### **Automatic Registration Form (ARF) on Poultry**

In addition to the AQSIQ regulated MQIP, MOFCOM also administers a separate import permit system for poultry importers, the Automatic Registration Form (ARF), which allocates a specific volume amount to eligible importers. Currently, there are around 200 MOFCOM accredited importers that are eligible for ARF allocation. According to MOFCOM, there is currently no predetermined trade volume limiting the issuance of ARFs; virtually all traders who applied for an ARF in 2006 received one. Please refer to CH7043 for more information.

#### **Biotech Product Labeling Policy**

China's labeling regulations, governed by Ministry of Agriculture Decree 10 (CH7053), require approved agricultural biotech products be labeled and prohibits the importation and sale of any unlabeled or mislabeled products. The types of products listed are:

- 1. Soybean seed, soybeans, soybean powder, soybean oil and soybean meal;
- 2. Corn seeds, corn, corn oil and corn powder;
- 3. Rape seed for planting, rape seed, rape oil and rape meal;
- 4. Cotton seed:
- 5. Tomato seed, fresh tomato and tomato paste.

Decree 10 states that the reason for the regulation is "to strengthen the administration of GMO labeling, standardize the selling activities of agricultural GMOs, guide the production and consumption of GMOs and protect consumers' right to be informed." The regulations spell out the type of labeling required as well as the specific language that is required on the individual labels.

#### **SECTION VI. OTHER RELEVANT REPORTS**

#### **FAS Beijing Reports**

<u>CH7066 – FAIRS Country Report - China</u>

<u>CH7053 - Agricultural GMO Implementation Measures</u>

CH7043 - AQSIQ Quarantine Import Permit Changes

CH6821 - China Exporter Guide

CH6083 - Registration of Imported Feeds and Feed Additives

CH4020 - Items on Handling the Review and Approval for Entry Animal and Plant Quarantine

#### Other Resources – U.S. Export Certifying Authorities

The U.S. issuing agencies are identified by their acronyms. Following is a list of these and the relevant websites of each agency for further information.

#### Food Safety and Inspection Service - USDA

Export Requirements for China:

http://www.fsis.usda.gov/regulations & policies/China Requirements/index.asp

#### Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service - USDA

USDA International Animal Export Regulations:

http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ncie/iregs/animals/ch.html

International Animal Product Export Regulations:

http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ncie/iregs/products/

**Export Services:** 

http://www.aphis.usda.gov/import\_export/plants/plant\_exports/

#### Federal Grain Inspection Service - USDA

Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration <a href="https://www.usda.gov/gipsa/international/intl-services.htm">www.usda.gov/gipsa/international/intl-services.htm</a>

#### Food and Drug Administration – Health & Human Services

FDA Export Requirements

www.fda.gov/cber/gdlns/exprtcert.htm#iv

#### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration – Commerce

National Marine Fisheries Export Services

http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/sfa/PartnershipsCommunications/contactus.htm

#### APPENDIX I. ELECTRONIC COPY OR OUTLINE OF EACH EXPORT CERTIFICATE

#### **Meat Products Sanitary Certificate**

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ADDICULTURE FOOD SAFETY AND ROSPECTION SERVICE FIELD OPERATIONS MEAT AND POULTRY EXPORT CERTIFICATE OF WHOLESOMENESS		FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE FIELD OFFIATIONS AND POULTRY EXPORT CERTIFICATE OF  11 INC. CELL part of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 USC 61) Ini.(1).		USC 1001). (b) (1), (2), and (5),		
DISTRICT OFFICE	COUNTRY OF DE			ISSUED	MPF -	
EXPORTED BY 1/ (Applicant's his	nie and eddress inclu	iding ZIP Code)		F	PRODUCT EXPORTED FROM:	
8 15 000	HHAD OF T		EST.	The second second second	IMBER (If applicable)	
58.7			CITY			
CONSIGNED TO 1/ Name and a	address lackaling 2IP	Code)			SLAUGHTERING PLAN     FROCESSING PLANT	т
TOTAL MARKED NET WEIGHT	TOTAL CONTA	AINERS		Ė	@ WAREHOUSE @ DOCKSIDE	
PRODUCT AS LAB	ELED .	MARKED WEIGHT OF LOT	NUMBER D	Si	ARKS ( )	
		$/$ <sub><math>\lambda</math></sub> $\setminus$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$	VIII -	$\   igcup_{} \ $		
		7 D H P	\ <i>'  </i>	$\dagger$		
		/ — \  ]	$\cup \cup \cup$			
I As stased by applicant or contractor						
REMARKS						
I CERTIFY that the meat or mea	of food product specif	fied hereon is fr	om animals that	received by	oth aptemortem and postmor	tem inspection
and were found sound and heal sound and wholesome.	thy and that it has be	en inspected ar	nd passed as pro	wided by le	w and regulations of the Dep	artment and is
I CERTIFY that the poultry and p	oultry products speci	itied ahove cam	a from hinte the	t warn offic	rially aluge an anterceptors or	d nostmatem
inspection and passed in accord wholesome and fit for human co	ance with applicable	laws and regula	tions of the Uni	ted States I	Department of Agriculture an	d are
NOT VALID U	INLESS SIGNED BY A			POULTRY I	NSPECTION PROGRAM	
By order of the Secre	stary of Agriculture	INSPECTOR	AND DISTRICT			
This partificate is receivable to					of the statements therein	
This certificate does not excuse t					Name and Address of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is th	THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
			ICH MAY BE USED U	NTIL EXHAUST	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is th	
This certificate does not excuse t			ICH MAY BE USED U	NTIL EXHAUST	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is th	The state of the s

#### **Plant Products Phytosanitary Certificate**



#### **APHIS Animal Health Certificate**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

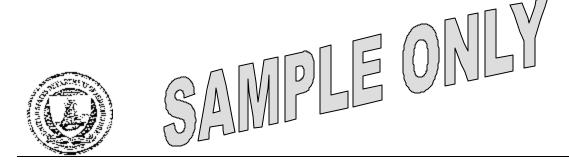
## Health Certificate EXPORT CERTIFICATE Animal Products

DATE AND NO.

PORT

This is to certify that rinderpest, foot-and-mouth disease, hog cholera, swine vesicular disease, African swine fever, bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE), and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia do not exist in the United States of America.

#### ADDITIONAL DECLARATION



(SIGNATURE OF ENDORSING OFFICIAL)	(TYPED NAME)	(TITLE OF ENDORSING OFFICIAL)
DESCRIP	TION OF THE CONSIG	NMENT
NAME AND ADDRESS OF EXPORTER		NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE
PRODUCT (Quantity, unit of measure and	kind)	
IDENTIFICATION		CONVEYANCE
No liability shall attach to the United St	tates Department	of Agriculture or to any officer or

APHIS' United States Origin Health Certificate (Form VS 17-140).

representative of the Department with respect to this certificate.

Federal agencies other than APHIS are also involved in providing certificates for the export of animal products. Some examples are indicated below.

VS FORM 16-4

#### **AMS Dairy Certificate**

October 26, 2007

To whom it may concern

With regard to: , plant number

For the period to .

This is to certify that:

- (1) The product(s) listed below—hereinafter called "the product"—was manufactured in the United States, in accordance with its laws and regulations
- (2) The product was prepared from pure milk obtained from holdings under official sanitary control
- (3) During preparation of the products a heat treatment has been applied or adequate safeguards have been taken with the aim of avoiding public health hazards arising from pathogenic organisms associated with milk

  (4) The product was manufactured in premises and processing plants inspected and
- (4) The product was manufactured in premises and processing plants inspected and approved by the United States Department of Agriculture and subjected to regular audits or inspections

AND COMMERC

- (5) The product has been subjected to a general surveillance scheme including laboratory tests to validate the microbial and compositional quality
- (6) To the best of our knowledge, the product contains no harmful levels of contaminants and is fit for human consumption
- (7) Identification and description of the goods is the responsibility of the manufacturer or exporter.

FOUNDATION

Products covered by this letter:

Sincerely,

**SIGNED** 

USDA AMS DGB

#### **Processed Plant Products Certificate**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
PLANT PROTECTION AND QUARANTINE	
	PLACE SAMPLE
EXPORT CERTIFICATE	DATE
PROCESSED PLANT PRODUCTS	NUMBER: P XXXXXX
NAME AND ADDRESS OF EXPORTER	NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE
SAMPLE	SAMPLE
MEANS OF CONVEYANCE	POINT OF ENTRY
DESCRIPTION	OF CONSIGNMENT
PRODUCT (Kind, Quantity, and Weight)	OF CONSIGNMENT
SAMPLE	SAMPLE
DENTIFICATION	
SAMPI	
SAMPI	LE)
PRIGIN	
ORIGIN  WARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary	certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section
VARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary (734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of the control of th	certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section finot more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).
NARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary (734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of the control of th	certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section finot more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).
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PRIGIN  VARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary 734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of the control of the contro	certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section if not more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).  Ind/or by virtue of processing received, the plant products described NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER
VARNING. Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary 734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of the control of the	certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section of not more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).  Ind/or by virtue of processing received, the plant products described   NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER  SAMPLE
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VARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary (734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of the control of th	certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section of not more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).  Ind/or by virtue of processing received, the plant products described   NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER  SAMPLE
NARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary (1734(b)) or punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of this is to affirm that, based upon inspection of submitted samples are above are believed to be free from injurious plant pests.  SAMPLE	certificate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section of not more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).  Ind/or by virtue of processing received, the plant products described   NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER  SAMPLE